Towards Integrated Water Management: Data Strategies

CWQMC webinar for September 15, 2011

Clay Clifton and Joe Purohit

EcoLayers, Inc.

San Diego, CA

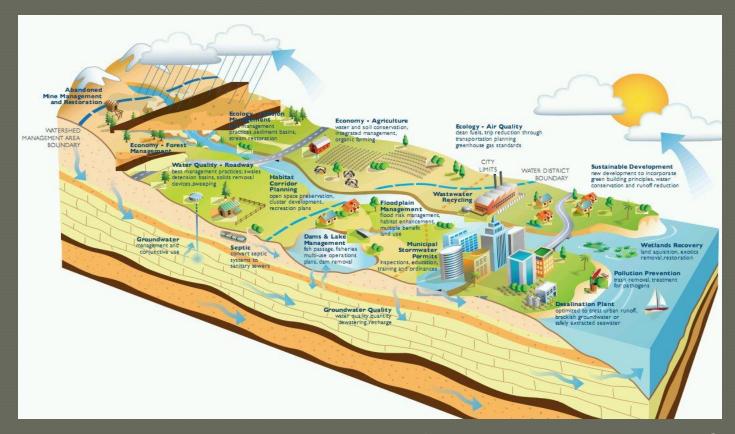
Ph: 619-964-1776

Email: clay@ecolayers.com

Outline

- Integrated water management (IWM)
 - Integrated Water Management, what is it?
 - Compare to conventional approach
 - Elements / segments of the water environment
 - Components of IWM
- Case study
 - Integrated Water Quality Management

Water environment an Integrated System; one scale is the watershed



However, impact, use and management of water environment is highly fragmented

What is "Integrated Management"?

- Simply put, Integrated Mgmt views the water environment as an integrated, inter-dependent system
- How do we understand and manage this system?
 - a. Data integration: Bring together multiple data sets
 - b. Information sharing
 - c. Collaboration between stakeholders
- Integration ≠ "Data Management" or GIS

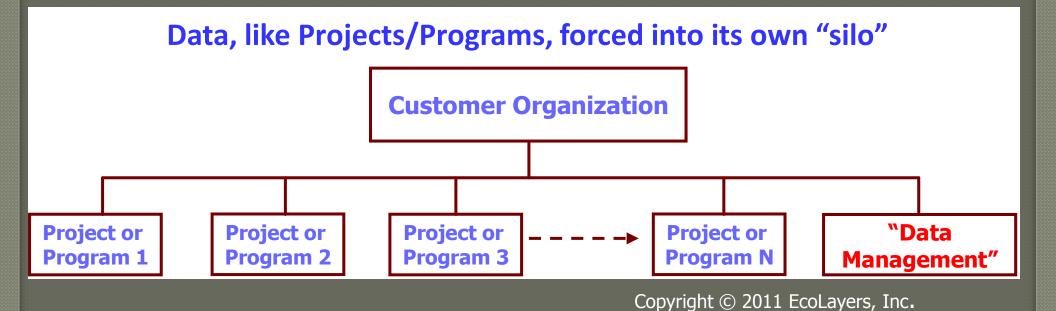
Integrated Water Management: Key Drivers

- Policy and planning
 - Integrated Regional Water Mgmt (IRWM)
 - Urban Water Mgmt (UWMP)
 - Green infrastructure
- Regulatory
 - MS4 / stormwater permits
 - TMDLs
- Operations and reporting
 - MS4 / stormwater

Integrated Water Management: Benefits

- Integrated strategies result in more efficient and sustainable outcomes, e.g.,
 - Better local/regional water augmentation and pollution prevention strategies
 - Lower costs for resource management, permitting, and compliance
 - Lower capital expenditures
 - Improve ability to identify stressors (root causes)

Conventional Approach

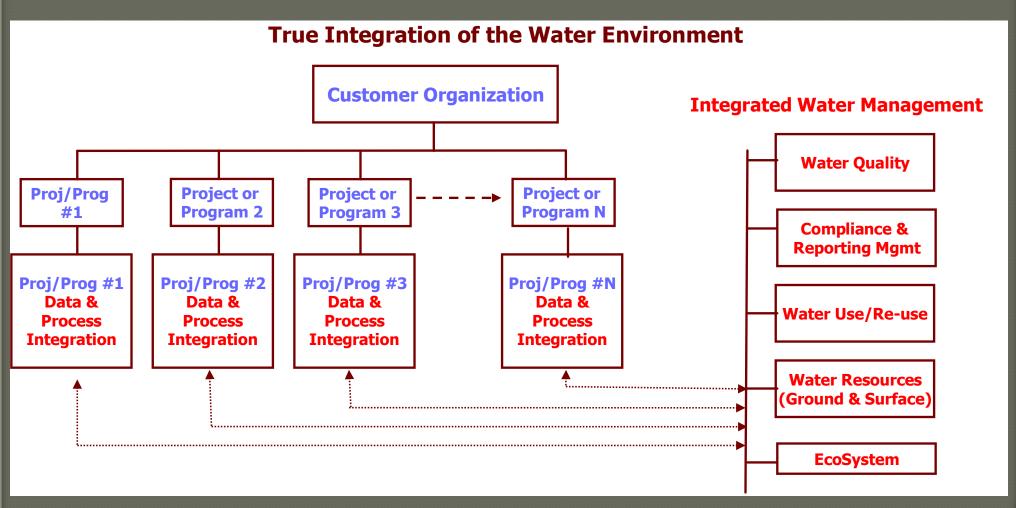


A Closer Look at the Water Environment

NPDES Permits MS4 Phase 1 & 2 Industrial Stormwater Construction Stormwater Non-point Source Discharges Groundwater Discharges TMDL Development TMDL Implementation	Basin Planning Water Quality Objectives Beneficial Uses Chemical Integrity Biological Integrity Physical Integrity	Water Supply CEQA (Water Quality) Low Impact Development Wetlands Impact 401/404 Permits Mitigation	Spills & Clean-ups Remediation Treatment Facilities (BMPs) Facilities Inspections Incidents Tracking Monitoring Sewer System Overflows	Aquifers Lakes River Basins Reservoirs	Mitigation Conservation Invasive Species Endangered Species Trails
Discharges - Water Quality	Water Quality Standards	Land Use	Site Activties	Water Resources	Aquatic Ecosystem

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What True Integration of the Water Environment Should be



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Integrated Water Management: Impacts All Key Stakeholder Groups

	Water in the "Non-Built" Environment						
Stakeholders	Water Resources	Water Use	Water Quality	Ecosystem	Permitting & Enforcement	Compliance & Reporting	
Regulatory Agencies			+	+	+		
Water Agencies/Districts	+	+	+	+			
Dischargers (Permittees) ¹			+			+	
Wastewater Agencies		+	+			+	
Municipalities	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Infrastructure Developers ²	+	+	+			+	
Stewardship Organizations ³	+	+	+	+			
Environmental Consultants	+	+	+	+	+	+	

- 1. Stormwater Phase 1 & Phase 2, and general NPDES permits.
- 2. Real-estate developers, utilities, mining, oil and gas, transportation, and others
- 3. River/lake conservancies, land trusts, watershed councils, municipalities, corporate environmental assets, and others

Integrated Water Management – Key Functionality

- Data aggregation and single-point online access
- Search, visualize and export for a wide range of content, e.g., data, spatial, documents, schematics, images, URLs and others.
- Integrated statistics, modeling, custom analytics, and reporting.
- Shared permission-based access to information and decision support tools by affiliated third parties
- Online tools to reduce or automate manual activities.
- Engage public and other constituencies-of-concern around specific customer objectives

Case Study – Integrated Water Quality Management

- Integrated WQ metrics: chemical, physical, and biological
- Integrated monitoring
- Integrated data administration, analysis and visualization
- Integrated permit compliance and reporting
- Integrated mitigation, BMP and pollution prevention strategies
- Support the virtous planning cycle

Case study – key components for water quality IWM (tool box)

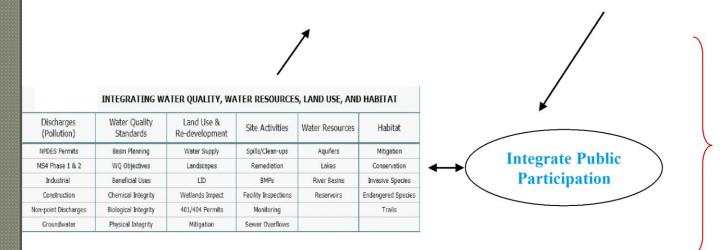
- Comprehensive Watershed-wide Monitoring Program for Surface Water
- WQ data content aggregation
 - Centralized (CEDEN)
 - local (SD Regional Data portal)
- Access to monitoring directories and laboratories
- Addition of non-water data, i.e., trash, CRAM, bioassessment, PHAB, photo uploads, special studies, USGS data, political boundaries, reports, SSOs
- Ability to efficiently apply limited resources for intensive projects, i.e., TMDLs
- On-line reporting, report cards and ability to easily update reports

Integrated Water Management The Feedback Loop

Stakeholder-level: Optimize stakeholder objectives



Stakeholder-level: Information aggregation, access, visualization and analysis



- · Public outreach
- · Public input
- On-line tools
- Community building

Integrated Water Management Applications

- Enable integrated data access for general use: Watersheds, river basins, other water resources, species conservation
- Integrated Regional Water Management Plans (use, conservation, quality)
- Integrated stormwater management/compliance jurisdictional & watershed levels
- TMDL development and management
- 303(d) de-listing process
- 401/404 permitting and mitigation, wetlands monitoring, recovery, etc.
- Beach water monitoring and upstream surveillance
- BMP effectiveness at the water body or watershed level
- Invasive species tracking and treatment effectiveness
- Ecosystem services landscape and watershed scales
- Conservation and re-development programs
- Public involvement
- Long-term research programs or studies

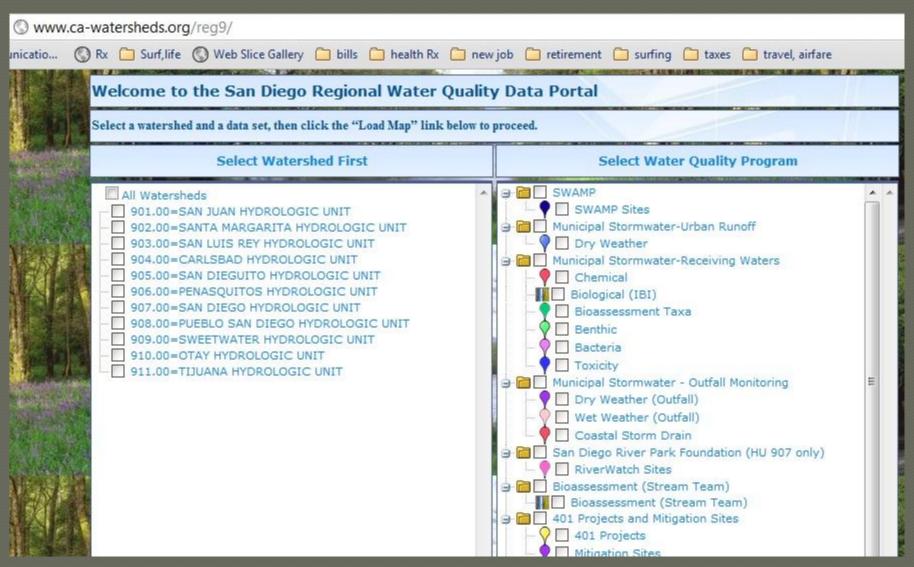
Integrated Water Quality Management Challenges

- Dependency on the status quo:
 - Systems and processes that are difficult to change
 - Resistance from beneficiaries of the current inefficiencies
 - Inter-departmental or inter-stakeholder tensions
- Data availability and access
- Lack of the right cost-effective tools

Integrated Water Management Is Not....

- Data management
- GIS
- "Synergistic" collaborative projects

Examples of IWM data types



Stream flow data

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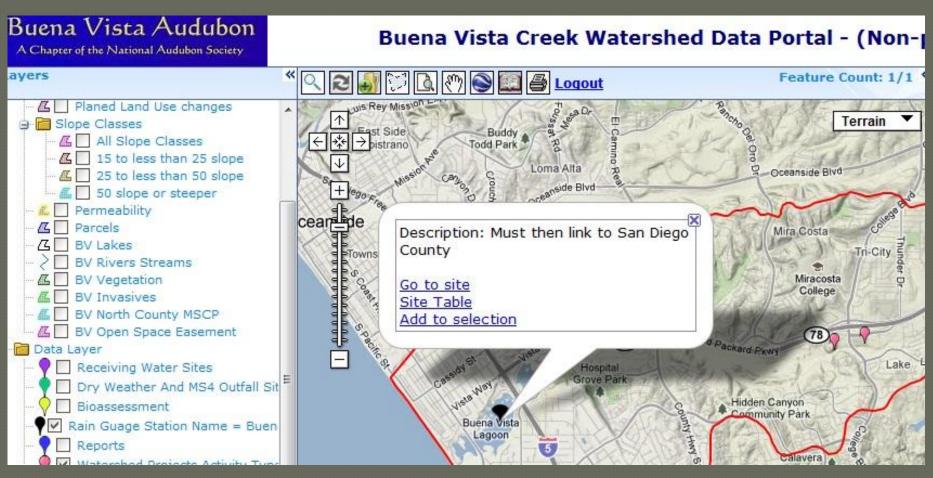
Download Report [Number of Rows: 101]

Daily Peak Discharge (cu.ft./sec)

Analyte	ObservationDate	Result	Unit
Discharge	04-17-2011	25.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-17-2011	25.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-18-2011	23.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-18-2011	23.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-19-2011	23.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-19-2011	23.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-20-2011	22.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-20-2011	22.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-21-2011	22.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-21-2011	22.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-22-2011	22.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-22-2011	22.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-23-2011	20.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-23-2011	20.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-24-2011	20.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-24-2011	20.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-28-2011	11.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-29-2011	11.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-29-2011	11.00	cubic feet per second
Discharge	04-30-2011	10.00	cubic feet per second

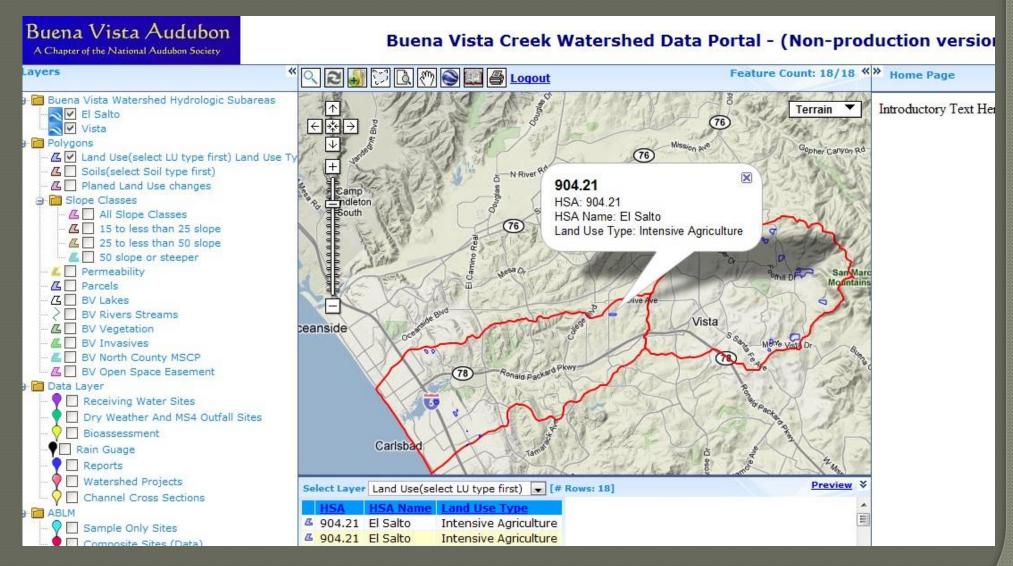
Powered By EcoLayers Software for Integrated Management of Watersheds

Rain gauges

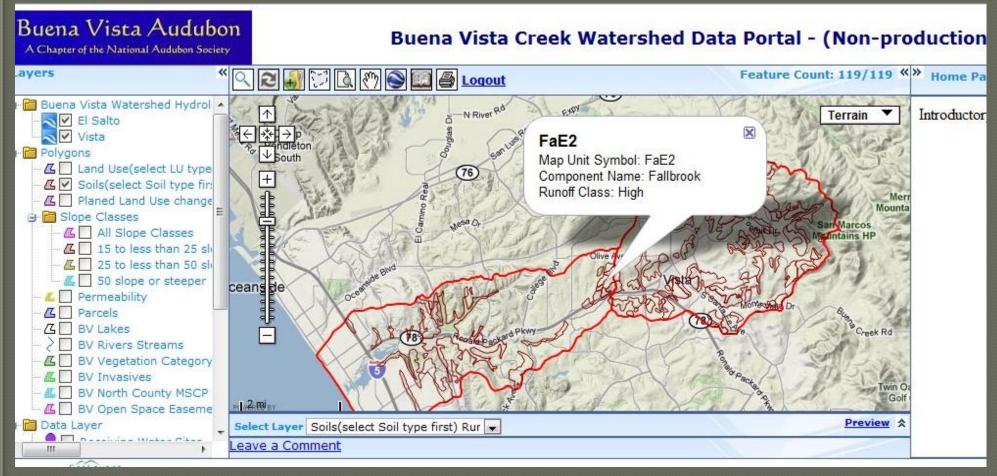


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Land use data

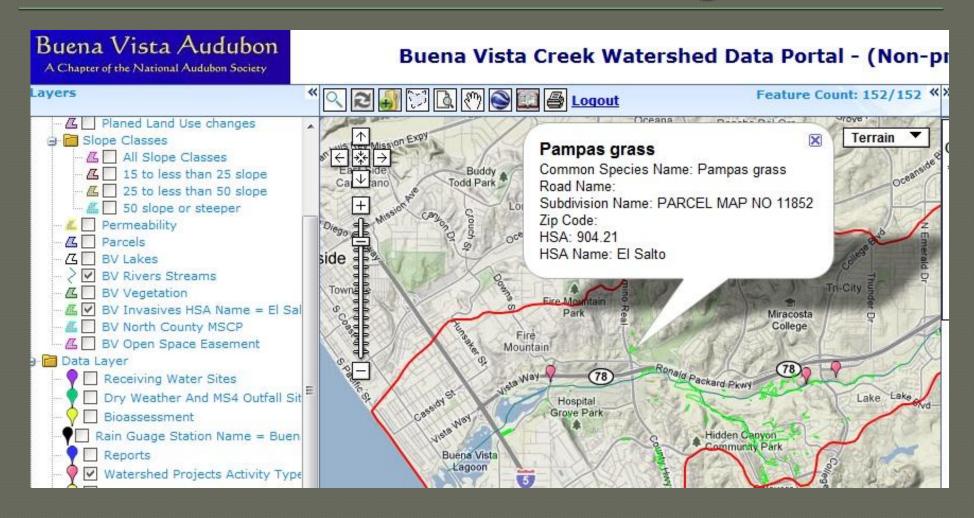


Soils



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Vegetation

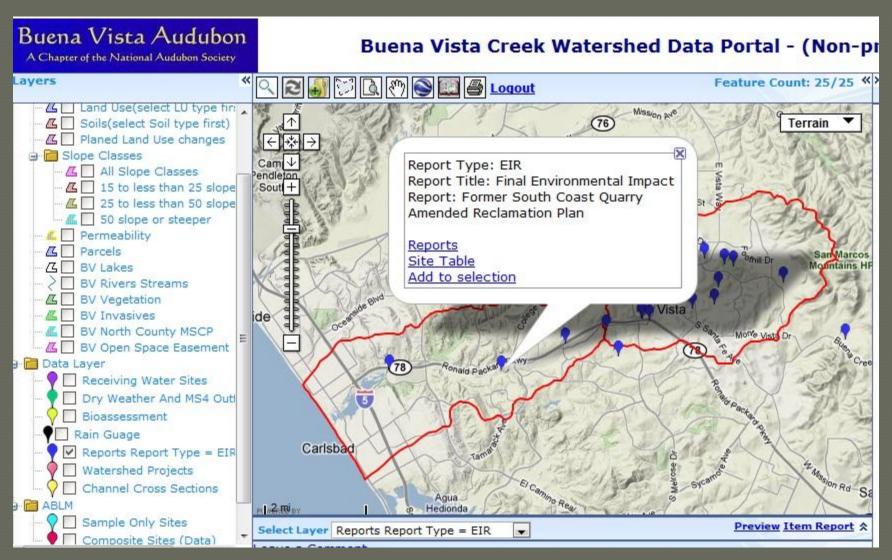


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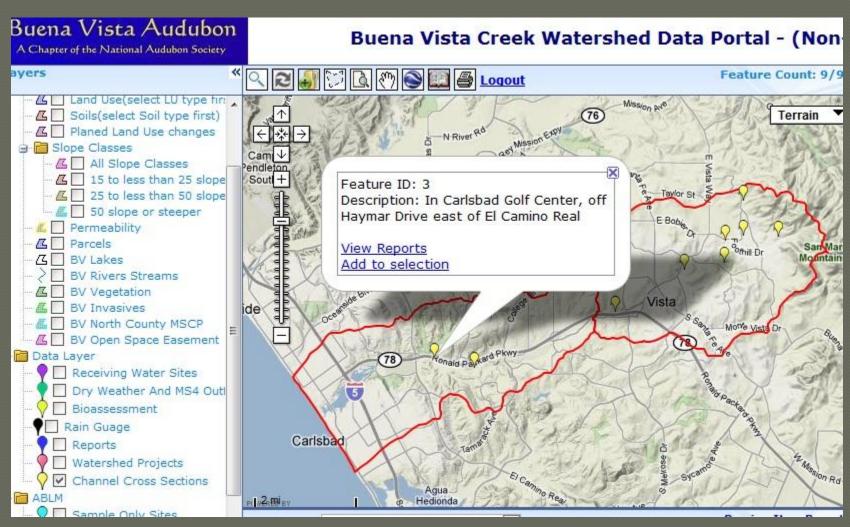
W.Q. data (by monitoring program)



EIR, CEQA documents

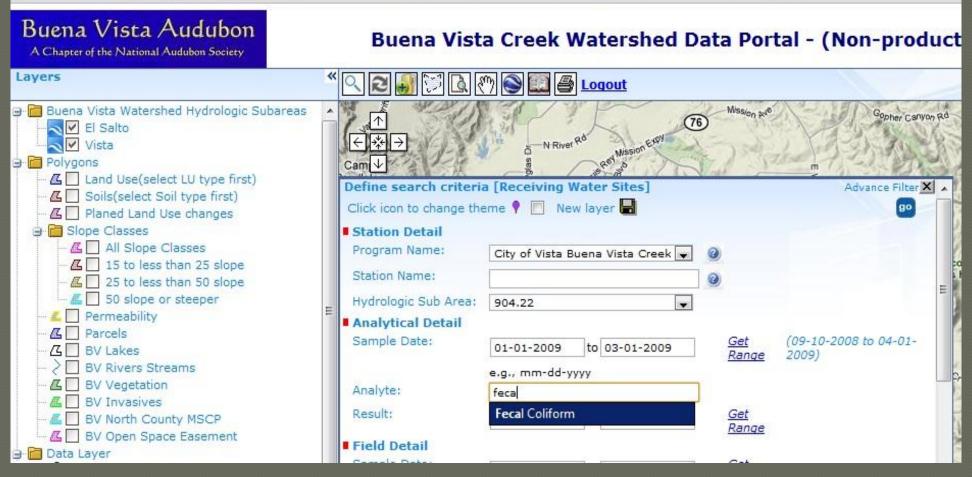


Channel cross sections



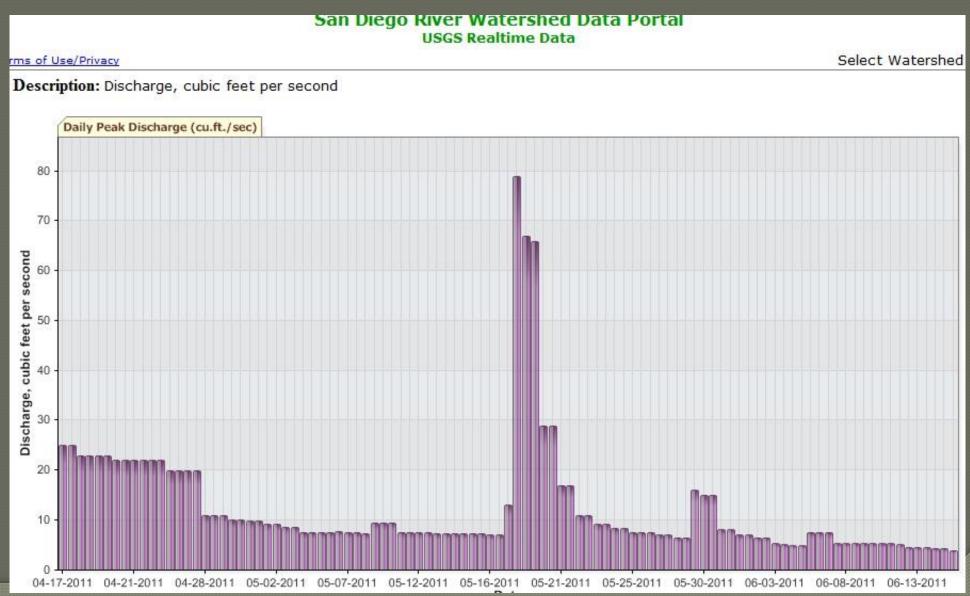
Examples of IWM data sorting and presentation

Query by program and indicator



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Time series graph (stream flow)



Column or tabular data

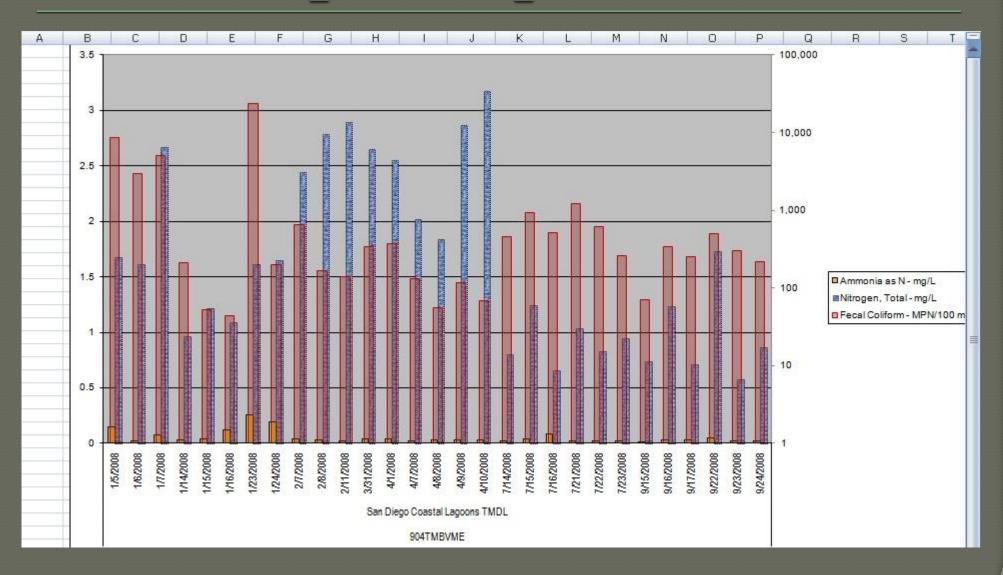


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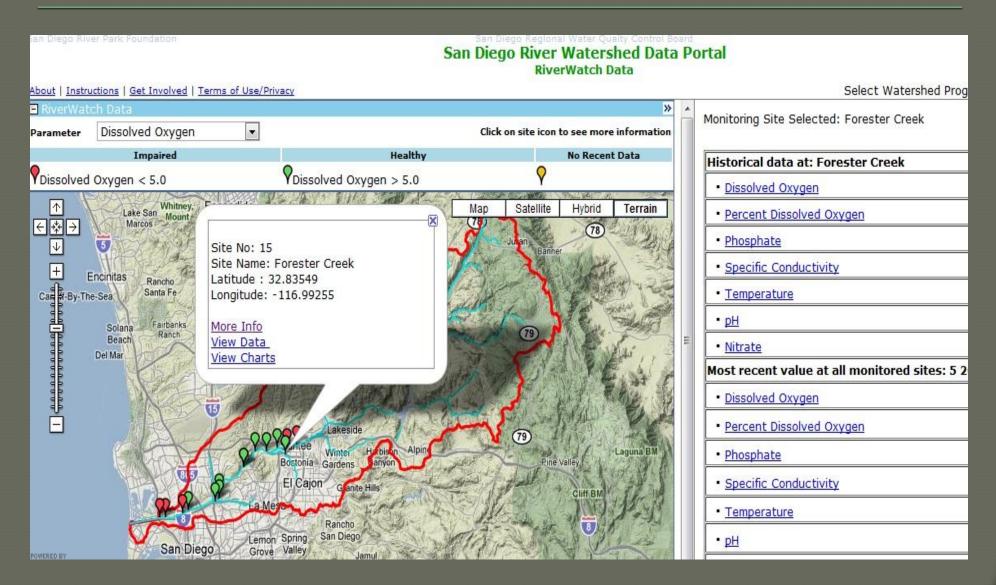
Grouped reports in pivot tables

	G13 ▼ (3	f _x					
Z	А		В	С	D	E	F	G
1	Average of Result				Analyte Name 💌	Unit		
2	400				∃ Ammonia as N	■ Fecal Coliform	■ Nitrogen, Total	
3	Station Code	Y-	Project Name 💌	Sample Date	mg/L	MPN/100 mL	mg/L	
4	=904TMBVME		■ San Diego Co	1/5/2008	0.145	8600	1.68096	
5				1/6/2008	0.0205	3000	1.6175	
6				1/7/2008	0.076	5000	2.6692	
7				1/14/2008	0.03361608		0.9617	
8				1/15/2008	0.04061943	52	1.2201	
9				1/16/2008	0.11859006	44	1.094	
0				1/23/2008	0.258948866	23474.6	1.612466667	
1				1/24/2008	0.189440618	200	1.652925	
2				2/7/2008	0.03921876	648	2.4485	
3				2/8/2008	0.03081474	166	2.7853	
4				2/11/2008	0.02381139	138	2.8984	
5				3/31/2008	0.038	340	2.6517	
6				4/1/2008	0.03641742	370	2.555	
7				4/7/2008	0.02521206	130	2.0243	
8				4/8/2008	0.03081474	56	1.8417	
9				4/9/2008	0.0280134	118	2.8664	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2				4/10/2008	0.02941407	68	3.1743	
21				7/14/2008	0.02521206	452	0.7994	
22				7/15/2008	0.03921876	928	1.2458	
23				7/16/2008	0.08824221	520	0.6564	

Grouped reports in charts



W.Q. data results themed by color

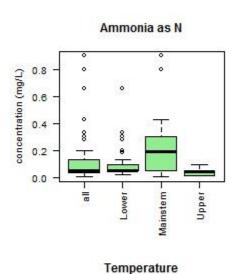


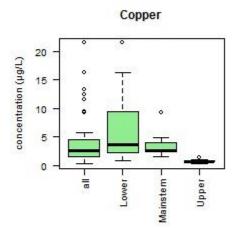
Box charts for W.Q. indicators

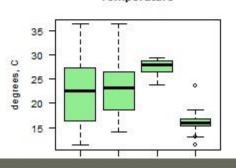
San Gabriel Watershed Data Portal

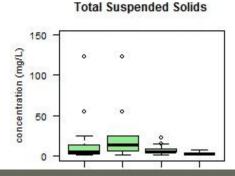
Title: Chemistry Box Chart Using R

Parameters: AnalyteName in ('Ammonia as N', 'Copper', 'Temperature', 'Total Suspended Solids')

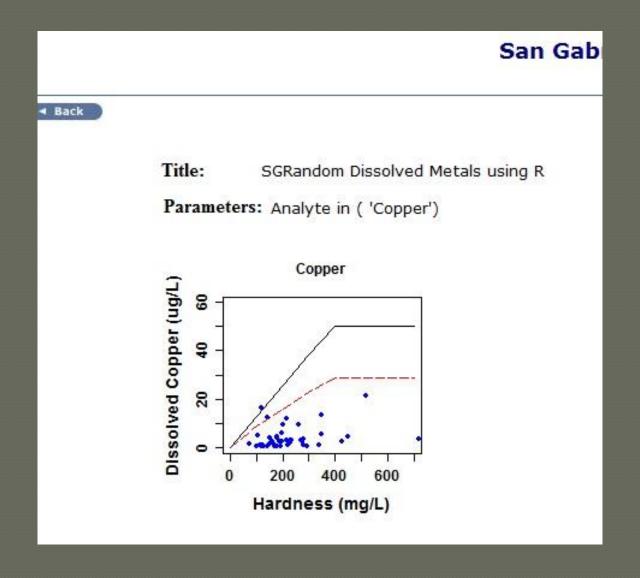




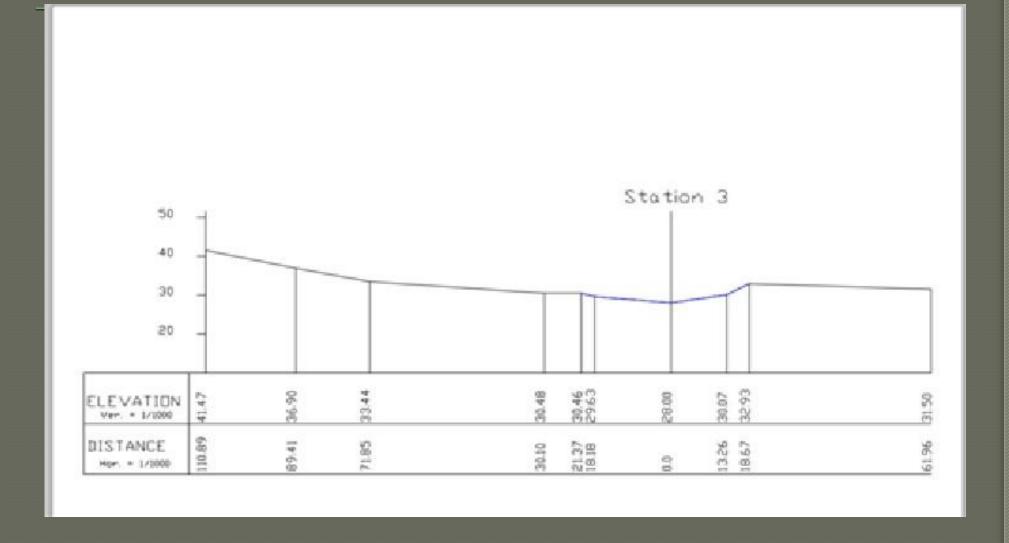




Indicator plotted with another parameter



Channel cross sections



EIRs, CEQA documents

FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

FORMER SOUTH COAST QUARRY AMENDED RECLAMATION PLAN

VOLUME I of IV

of the

FINAL SUBSEQUENT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

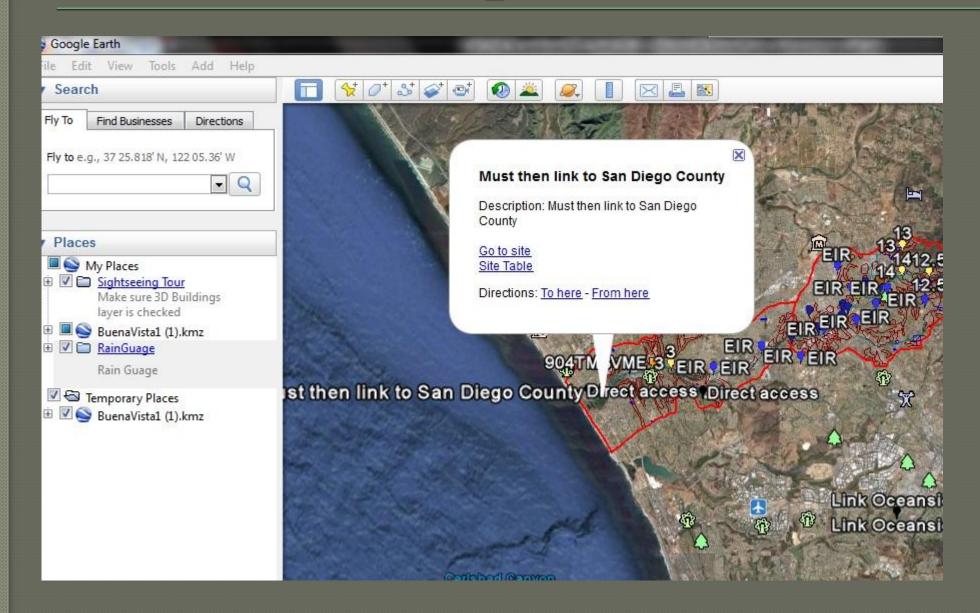
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February 2010

Lead Agency:

CITY OF OCEANSIDE 300 NORTH COAST HIGHWAY OCEANSIDE, CALIFORNIA 92054 CONTACT: JERRY HITTLEMAN PHONE: (760) 435-3520

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